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Oxygen-Hydrogen Fuel Cell with an Iodine-Iodide Cathode: A Concept

The electrical characteristics of the oxygen electrode in a hydrogen—oxygen fuel cell are improved by use of an iodine-iodide couple. This concept for a new type of fuel cell is based on association of three facts: (1) the iodine-iodide reaction has a very high exchange-current density; (2) iodide ions are very sensitive to oxidation, expecially when exposed to light; and (3) a fuel-cathode-reducing iodine has a good chance of success.

A fuel cell has been proposed which uses a porous cathode through which is fed a solution of iodine in aqueous iodide solution; the anode is a hydrogen electrode. The electrolyte coming from the cell is fed to a chemical reactor where iodide ions are oxidized by oxygen in the presence of light; the iodine in solution, formed in this reactor, is then fed to the cathode. The chemical reactions occurring are:

Anodic
$$2H_2 \rightarrow 4H^+ + 4e^-$$
 (1)

Cathodic
$$2l_2 + 4e^- \rightarrow 4l^-$$
 (2)

Chemical
$$4I^{-} + O_2 + 2H_2O \rightarrow 4OH^{-} + 2I_2$$
 (3)

Overall
$$2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O$$
 $(1+2+3)$

This proposed system has two advantages:

1. No activation polarization appears on the cathode, as on commonly used oxygen electrodes,

because of the very high exchange-current density of the iodine-iodide electrode.

2. Oxygen and hydrogen, the fuels for the two electrodes, are advantageous in the matters of weight, price, and availability; the water produced by the cell reaction is easily removed.

Notes:

- 1. This development is in a conceptual stage only; at the time of this publication no model or prototype has been constructed.
- 2. Requests for further information may be directed to:

Technology Utilization Officer Headquarters National Aeronautics and Space Administration Washington, D.C. 20546 Reference: B70-10246

Patent status:

No patent action is contemplated by NASA.

Source: P. Javet et al. of The University of Pennsylvania under contract to NASA Headquarters (HQN 10379)

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